Ambon OH4
Tanimbar OF19
Gorontalo OG4

Arfak OJ7
Flores OF9
Alor OF5
Igorot OA20

[22 cont.]

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Papoewa's van de Geelvinksbaai [The Papuans of Geelvink Bay], p. 78. Sal. Müller, op. cit., p. 108. Natuurk. Tijdschrift v. Ned. Ind., XXXVII, p. 186-187. A.B. Meyer, Ausland 1882, p. 11, note.

among other tribes of that island (2). It has been said that the

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2. See Haddon, "the Tuguri Head-Hunters," Int. Archiv für Ethnographie, Vol. IV, 240 pp.

Langa, the Rokka [Roka], and the Wogo, inhabitants of the interior of Flores, are also cannibals. They not only eat their enemies, but kill and devour their relatives when they are old and sickly. This has been denied, however (3). The mountain

3. De Hollander, Handleiding, Vol. II, p. 721. Tijdschrift v. Ned. Ind., 9th year, Vol. IV, p. 147.

Al 266 727 tribes of the neighboring Solor Islands cut out the hearts of those who have fallen in battle, roast them over the fire, and divide them among the victors (4). Whether or not they are eaten

4. Tijdschrift v. Ind. Taal- L. en Vk., Vol. XX, p. 391, see koppenjacht [headhunting] in the index.

Am I G Tn 266

has not been reported. The custom of eating human flesh was likewise practiced on the Tanimbar and Timorlaut Islands (5),

5. Riedel, de kroes en sluikharige rassen tusschen Selebes en Papua [The curly-haired and straight-haired races between Celebes and Papua], p. [no number given].

War

000 This is an example of radja tyranny.

888 178 622 Formerly, politicians were older than they are today. Indeed, they would not follow a younger man formerly very well. Today there are plenty of cases of an older radja tuan giving his rightful kepala kampong post to a younger brother. At least it is usually the latter, for this keeps it in the proper family. The older man keeps the adat post. (This is what Roy himself has done here). He said that this is done: (1) because if there is trouble in the kampong, the kepala kampong bears the brunt of this and may have to go to jail. It is better to have two men so that one can carry on the administration; (2) the older man is often unable to read and write. Formerly the three kepala kampong were always the same men as the radja tuan of the three main suku.

[561] 178 797 177 This led to a long talk about the conflict between generations. Roy says that there is no conflict here, as they give in if the children are firm enough. He also says that although the old resisted religious change before, they have surrendered now and know that it is hopeless. When they are dead they know that paganism will be finished. It came out clearly here that the only real force of change has been Catholicism. And the only area of change has been religion, although other aspects have been affected thereafter. Thus we got again onto the subject of religion.

797 178 I asked if, if there were a long period of misfortunes, there might not be a reversion to paganism. He said that this is conceivable, but that it has gone too far now for this to be a strong probability. He gave a case of a kampong on the neck of Tandjung Bunga, Riang Koli, which not long ago decided that it would not give up paganism but would merely make a deliberate combination of it and Catholicism. How-

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665 The thought of a political career is absolutely absent. No one has it, not even the guru.

204 The one local paper, the mission bi-weekly
203 "Bentara" (herald), is received by only one
212 guru in Leloba and two guru in Wailolong. It is read by perhaps ten other individuals in each place. It is very important, as it is the only paper here. The people are now in the habit of asking the guru what is in the paper. Thus the word of mouth is the main vehicle, but the feeble paper is an important item. The only books here are school books and religious books. Adults read only the latter, and not for fun. However, they love stories, and he is sure that a library would be deluged with readers. Literate adults over thirty or forty are rare. Younger people are mostly literate. There is
[207] no radio here at all.

582 There have been no changes in the marriage
593 system to speak of in the last half century.
858 Roy says there have been few changes in the
●888 family either. I tried to ask if the children are less respectful or obedient now, but he said no. I tried to get this by the religious conflict, but he is adamant that it never split up families. Even here there was never a loss of respect for the elders, even though they were pagans and the children were Christians. And the elders, although their hearts were sick, never tried to force their children to follow them. They were just not violent. There was never a case of disowning. He said a parent would be ashamed forever if he had done so, and indeed it was quite unthinkable. They love children so much that, though they might try to talk with them, if a child remained firm always a child would get its will. The parents would be ashamed of any open or loud conflict. They might have troubled hearts, but that's all. Although they might try reasoning with them, they would go no further.

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798 178 all pagans then,[1] and all parents of the present adults of about thirty or older were pagan. My assistant's father was. They were

872 [197] The lower school here consists of three grades. It is a mission school although the government evidently makes a contribution to it. In Ndona (seven kilometers by road, four kilometers across the hills, and the children walk there) there are eight grades. Until the present there is only one from here who has gone as far as class seven, and ten in class six. The school in Ndona is the highest level school around here (and perhaps in all Flores) except for the seminary. The eighth grade qualifies one for the job of guru.

There are two children here who go to school in Ende where there is a connecting or intermediate school and a middle school, I think.

[771] There are few Mohammedans here, and no Koran school. They must go to Ende for this.

871 185 178 Everyone here is very much in favor of education. Formerly, there was a bit of trouble with the oldsters who saw no sense (and I suspect did not like the mission tie-up) in such things. But now everyone wants his children to go to school. They are anxious to have both their girls and boys go to school, although they are perhaps a bit more interested in education for their boys. If a girl is clever, however, they want her to advance too.

● 898 212 The children do show a bit of a superiority feeling toward the illiterate oldsters, but there is almost always a great show of respect. And the illiterate old folk are not ashamed. They are only farmers, anyway, they say.

798 872 178 When Catholicism came in first, there was much trouble, and the elders scolded hard. After the school came in, in 1921, there was no more trouble. They say and insist that the pagan elders make no trouble at all for the Catholic children

1[i.e., fifty years ago--Analyst]

War

634 646 They said no, but that there was much free talk against the radjas in the parliament now!

622 646 624 888 All hereditary posts are genealogically linked. Most of the kepala kampong are still old illiterates. Parliament members are mainly middle aged people (the oldest literates, therefore). Age is of no concern for the hereditary posts, as one person merely succeeds to the post after another. In the kampong, however, the old men have the most influence, and the young people keep their mouths shut for the most part.

[562] Women may not hold hereditary posts. Until now women took no part in elections, but they may change things here.

829 666 There is still only a very restricted political horizon here, and there is little knowledge about such things. But at least they have elections. This is very important. They start with an election. As they say in Celebes, [614] [632] they catch on fast. Veol is the center of the gelarang, and Rahong is the center of the dalu, and Ruteng is the center of Manggarai. They think nothing about the "place" of Manggarai in Flores; the radja is just a "big man." Beyond this they know practically nothing about the daerah, negara, etc.

648 Most of the people here thought the Dutch were all right and they were too uninformed to criticize them. Also, it must be remembered that they had been under the rule of Bima, and the Dutch at least drove Bima out. They did not even criticize the Japanese! They were simply not concerned. The great memory here is of Bima and slavery. They hate Bima.

609 Except for the pastors, everyone here knows of things and people who are Dutch only by name. Formerly they knew the local civil servants only slightly. They were always afraid of any new men who came here. This is true of my

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764 they will encounter no big stones while digging, as this is a sign that more people will die. After the burial they return to the house and
● [888] [554] pray. If the person who died was old or a big man, they kill a buffalo. If the person was of lesser status, they kill only a pig or a fowl. Three days later, if the person who died was old or was a big man, they may kill two or three horses or buffaloes and eat them. At the same time, if the person was of lesser status, they will kill a pig or fowl.

[766] Clothes are placed on the grave of a person who dies a violent death. (See Coolhaas.)[1]

The local Catholics go through the same rites, except that they add on the church service.

[178] The big feasts for the dead dalu mentioned by Coolhaas[1] are no longer held. On such occasions they might wait quite a while. They killed up to perhaps ten buffaloes.

769 There is a very close relation between the ancestors and the death cult. The dead are always invited to feasts. There are no tombs, but the ancestor cult is strong.

[574] Note: The whip duels are held at all big
526 feasts: New Year, harvest, illness exorcism,
524 wedding, but not at the funeral.

All local recreation is native: tjatjih (whip duelling), tug of war, rope jumping (!), children's games like tag and hide and seek (he says they are the "hunter and hunted"), the bam-
[535] boo jumping dance (tekarulu). The dances are: sanda (round), sae (group and solo), danding (round). They play the rattan football (raga) and soccer.

526 The most loved of all is tjatjih. Cornelius says that to the best of his knowledge he has never known of any man being actually blinded, because the superorbitals protect the eyes. However, plenty of people get bad scars on their

[1] [See bibliography, cat. 113--Analyst]